Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

SDS No. : 179515
V006.2

LOCTITE SF 7649 known as Loctite 7649

Revision: 20.11.2025
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Replaces version from: 06.04.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE SF 7649 known as Loctite 7649
UFI: 1KCF-M0V0-R000-T4AX

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:
activator

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd
Adhesives
Wood Lane End
HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000

SDSinfo.Adhesive@henkel.com
For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website www.mysds.henkel.com or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):

Aerosols	Category 1
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.	
H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Toxic to reproduction	Category 1B
H360D May damage the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organ: Central nervous system	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:

Contains acetone

2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1)

2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt

2-ethylhexanoic acid

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement:
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H360D May damage the unborn child.

Supplemental information
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Restricted to professional users.

Precautionary statement: P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Precautionary statement: Prevention
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing.
P261 Avoid breathing spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement: Response
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement: Storage
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.
None if used properly.

Following substances are present in a concentration ≥ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in a concentration ≥ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS No. EC No UK-REACH-Reg. No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Add. Information
acetone 67-64-1 200-662-2	50- < 100 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336		EU OEL EUEXPL2D
Propane 74-98-6 200-827-9	10- < 20 %	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas H280		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8 261-460-8	0,1- < 1 %	Repr. 1B, H360D		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9 244-846-0	0,1- < 1 %	Repr. 1B, H360D Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 4, Oral, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	M acute = 10 M chronic = 1	
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5 205-743-6	0,1- < 1 %	Repr. 1B, H360D		

If no ATE values are displayed, please refer to LD/LC50 values in Section 11.
For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".

The hazard classification of this product is based solely on the mixture present within the aerosol, excluding the propellant gases. The information provided in Section 3 is based on the combination of the mixture and propellant gases.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:
Rinse with running water and soap.
Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact:
Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion:
Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media:
water, carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:
High pressure waterjet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

Additional information:
In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Wear protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Keep away from sources of ignition.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.
For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal.
For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections
See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Avoid skin and eye contact.
See advice in section 8

Hygiene measures:
Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.
Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.
Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.
Refer to Technical Data Sheet.

7.3. Specific end use(s)
activator

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for
Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	1.500	3.620	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	EH40 WEL

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for
Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5 [ETHYL HEXANOIC ACID]		5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value				Remarks
			mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
acetone 67-64-1	aqua (intermittent releases)		21 mg/l				
acetone 67-64-1	sewage treatment plant (STP)		100 mg/l				
acetone 67-64-1	sediment (freshwater)				30,4 mg/kg		
acetone 67-64-1	sediment (marine water)				3,04 mg/kg		
acetone 67-64-1	Soil				29,5 mg/kg		
acetone 67-64-1	aqua (freshwater)		10,6 mg/l				
acetone 67-64-1	aqua (marine water)		1,06 mg/l				
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	sewage treatment plant (STP)		72 mg/l				

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		2420 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		14 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		3,5 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	

Biological Exposure Indices:
None

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.
An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area
Filter type: A (EN 14387)

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).
Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):
nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)
Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):
nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)
This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:
Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.
Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.
Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:
Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.
Wear suitable protective clothing.
Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:
The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.
The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Delivery form	aerosol
Colour	Green
Odor	Pungent
Physical state	liquid
Melting point	Not applicable, Product is a liquid
Initial boiling point	56 °C (132.8 °F)None
Flammability	flammable
Explosive limits	
lower	2,5 %(V);
upper	13 %(V);
	Upper/lower explosion limit
Flash point	-30 °C (-22 °F) Estimated
Auto-ignition temperature	Currently under determination
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable, Substance/mixture is not self-reactive, no organic peroxide and does not decompose under foreseen conditions of use
pH (20 °C (68 °F); Conc.: 100 % product)	6 - 7
Viscosity (kinematic) (40 °C (104 °F);)	> 20,5 mm2/s
Solubility (qualitative) (20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)	Miscible
Solubility (qualitative) (Solvent: Acetone)	Soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable Mixture
Vapour pressure (20 °C (68 °F))	230 mbar
Vapour pressure (50 °C (122 °F))	800 mbar

Density (20 °C (68 °F))	0,8 g/cm3 None
Relative vapour density:	Not available.
Particle characteristics	Not applicable Product is a liquid

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Aerosols:	Classified as Aerosol category 1 because it contains more than 1 % (by mass) flammable components or has a heat of combustion of at least 20 kJ/g and is not submitted to the flammability classification procedures

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.5. Incompatible materials
None if used properly.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Irritating organic vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	LD50	481 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	LD50	2.043 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LC50	76 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	LC50	> 800000 ppm	gas	15 min	rat	not specified

Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	corrosive	4 h	Bovine, cornea, in vitro test	OECD Guideline 437 (BCOP)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	not specified

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Propane 74-98-6	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Propane 74-98-6	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		Ames Test
acetone 67-64-1	negative	oral: drinking water		mouse	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	negative			Drosophila melanogaster	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	negative	inhalation: gas		rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Propane 74-98-6	NOAEL P 21,6 mg/l NOAEL F1 21,6 mg/l	screening	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	NOAEL P 800 mg/kg NOAEL F1 800 mg/kg	one-generation study	oral: feed	rat	OECD Guideline 443 (Extended One-Generation Reproductive Toxicity Study)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	NOAEL P 800 mg/kg NOAEL F1 800 mg/kg	one-generation study	oral: feed	rat	OECD Guideline 443 (Extended One-Generation Reproductive Toxicity Study)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	NOAEL P 800 mg/kg NOAEL F1 800 mg/kg	one-generation study	oral: feed	rat	OECD Guideline 443 (Extended One-Generation Reproductive Toxicity Study)

STOT-single exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Assessment	Route of exposure	Target Organs	Remarks
acetone 67-64-1	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			

STOT-repeated exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral: drinking water	13 w daily	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Propane 74-98-6		inhalation: gas	28 d 6 h/d, 7 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	LC50	> 10 - 100 mg/l	96 h	not specified	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	LC50	0,06368 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	NOEC	0,06316 mg/l	30 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	other guideline:
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	LC50	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	EC50	> 10 - 100 mg/l	48 h	not specified	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC50	913 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Chronic toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	NOEC	18 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	EC50	> 10 - 100 mg/l	72 h	not specified	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC50	500 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC10	231,2 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

Toxicity (microorganisms):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27 (Bacterial oxygen consumption test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC10	72 mg/l	17 h		DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshemm-Test)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Propane 74-98-6	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 60 %	28 d	OECD 301 A - F
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	readily biodegradable		> 60 %	28 d	Weight of evidence
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	99,000000 %	28,000000 d	OECD Guideline 301 E (Ready biodegradability: Modified OECD Screening Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	> 70 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	readily biodegradable	aerobic	99 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 E (Ready biodegradability: Modified OECD Screening Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
acetone 67-64-1	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, compound with tributylamine (1:1) 58823-74-8	4,15		QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	4,37		QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	2,7	25 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:
Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.
Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:
After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Waste code

08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances
The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR	1950
RID	1950
ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
IATA	1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	AEROSOLS
RID	AEROSOLS
ADN	AEROSOLS
IMDG	AEROSOLS
IATA	Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	2.1
RID	2.1
ADN	2.1
IMDG	2.1
IATA	2.1

14.4. Packing group

ADR	
RID	
ADN	
IMDG	
IATA	

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	not applicable Tunnelcode: (D)
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 2024/590):	Not applicable
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012):	Not applicable
Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):	Not applicable

VOC content (2010/75/EC)	98,2 %

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/counter-terrorism/protection/implementation-explosives-precursors-legislation_en.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADG(-Code): Australian Dangerous Goods (Code)
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials
ATE: acute toxicity estimate
AS: Australian Standard
AwSV: Ordinance on Installations for the Handling of Substances Hazardous to Water
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service
CLP: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
CMR: cancerogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic
DIN: German Institute for Standardization
ECx: Effective concentration (x% effective level)
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EC-Nummer: Substance number in the EU-inventories EINECS/ELINCS
ECTLV: European community threshold limit value
ED:Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN : European Standard
ENCS: Japanese chemical inventory
EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
EU: European Union
EU EXPLD1: Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD2: Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EWC: European Waste Catalogue
GHS: Globally Harmonised System for Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GLP: Good Laboratory Practice
HSNO: Hazardous Substances and New Organisms
IARC: International Agency for Research of Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IBC-Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG-Code: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IMO: International Maritime Organization
ISO: International Standardization Organisation
LC50: Median lethal concentration
LD50: Median lethal dose
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.o.s.: not otherwise specified
NO(A)EC: No (adverse) effect concentration
NO(A)EL: No (adverse) effect level
NZS: New Zealand Standard
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit
OPPT: US EPA Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics
OPPTS: US EPA Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic

(Q)SAR: (Quantitative) structure–activity relationship
REACH: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
RID: Regulations concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SADT: Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure
STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure
SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SVHC: Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
TRGS: German Technical Rules for hazardous substances
UN: United Nations
VOC: Volatile Organic Compound
814.018 VOC Reg CH: Swiss Ordinance 814.018 on the Incentive Tax on Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulative
VwVwS: Administrative Regulation on Substances Hazardous to Waters
WGK: Water hazard class

Further information:

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